



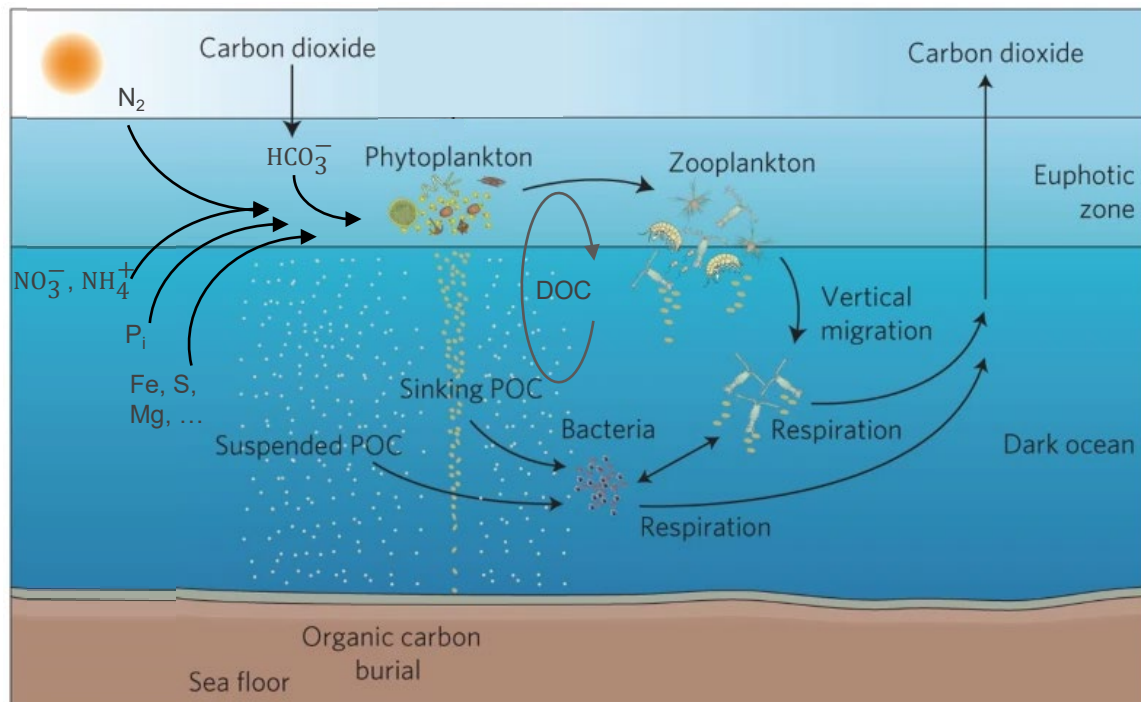
CO₂ concentration mechanisms in photosynthetic micro-organisms

How aquatic photoautotrophic micro-organisms adapt to varying dissolved inorganic carbon (DIC) concentrations and CO₂/O₂ ratio, whilst maintaining such an efficiency in CO₂ fixation?



CO₂ fixation by photosynthetic microorganisms – ecological scale

Oceanic carbon pump

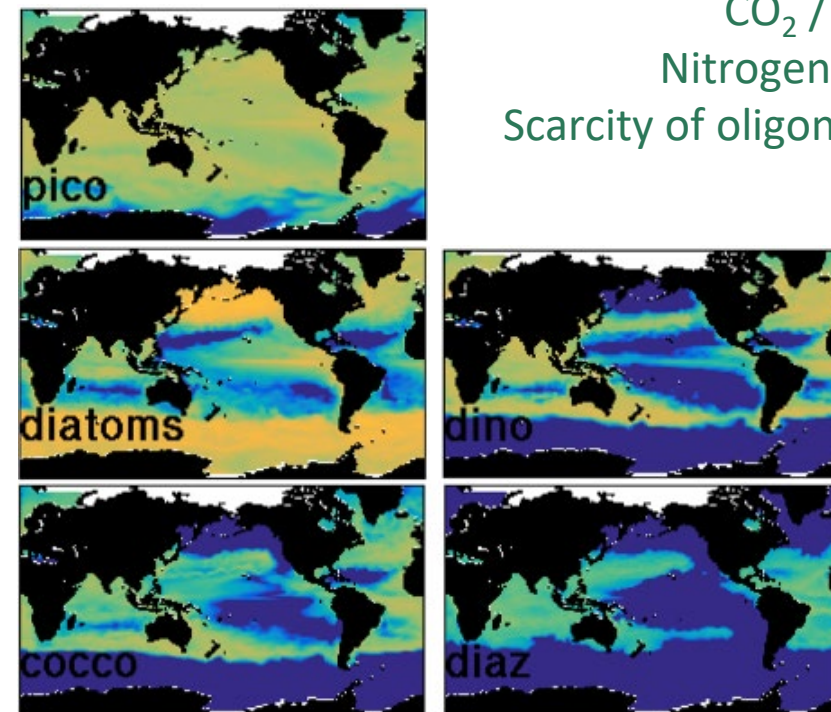


Herndl, Reinthaler, Nat. Geo., 2013
 Burd, Ann. Rev. Marine Sc., 2024

POC: Particulate organic carbon
 DOC: Dissolved organic carbon

Biodiversity of phytoplankton with varying adaptation to:

CO₂ / O₂ ratio
 Nitrogen fixation
 Scarcity of oligonutrients



Dutkiewicz et al, Biogeosc. 2020

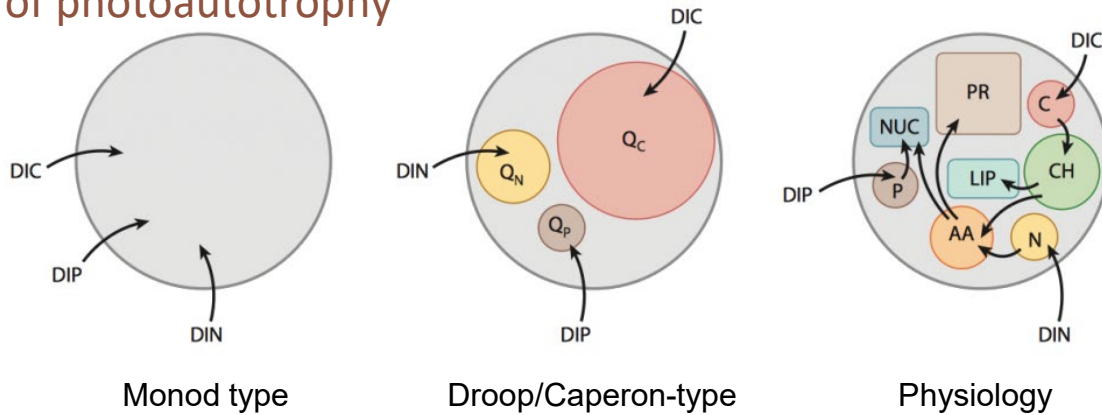




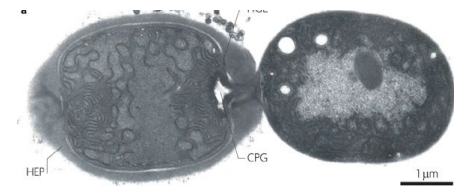
CO₂ fixation by photosynthetic microorganisms – cellular scale

In CO₂_CMφ:
Metabolisms of CO₂ uptakes in model organisms

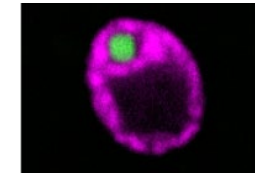
Oceanic carbon pump modelled using various parameterization of photoautotrophy



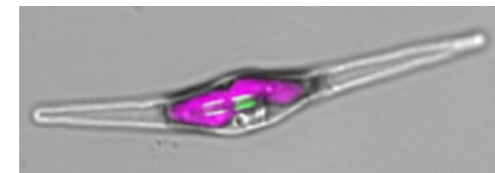
Anabaena PCC 7120



Chlamydomonas reinhardtii



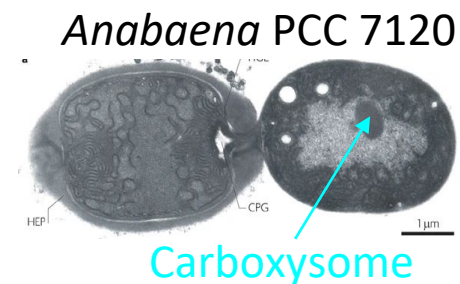
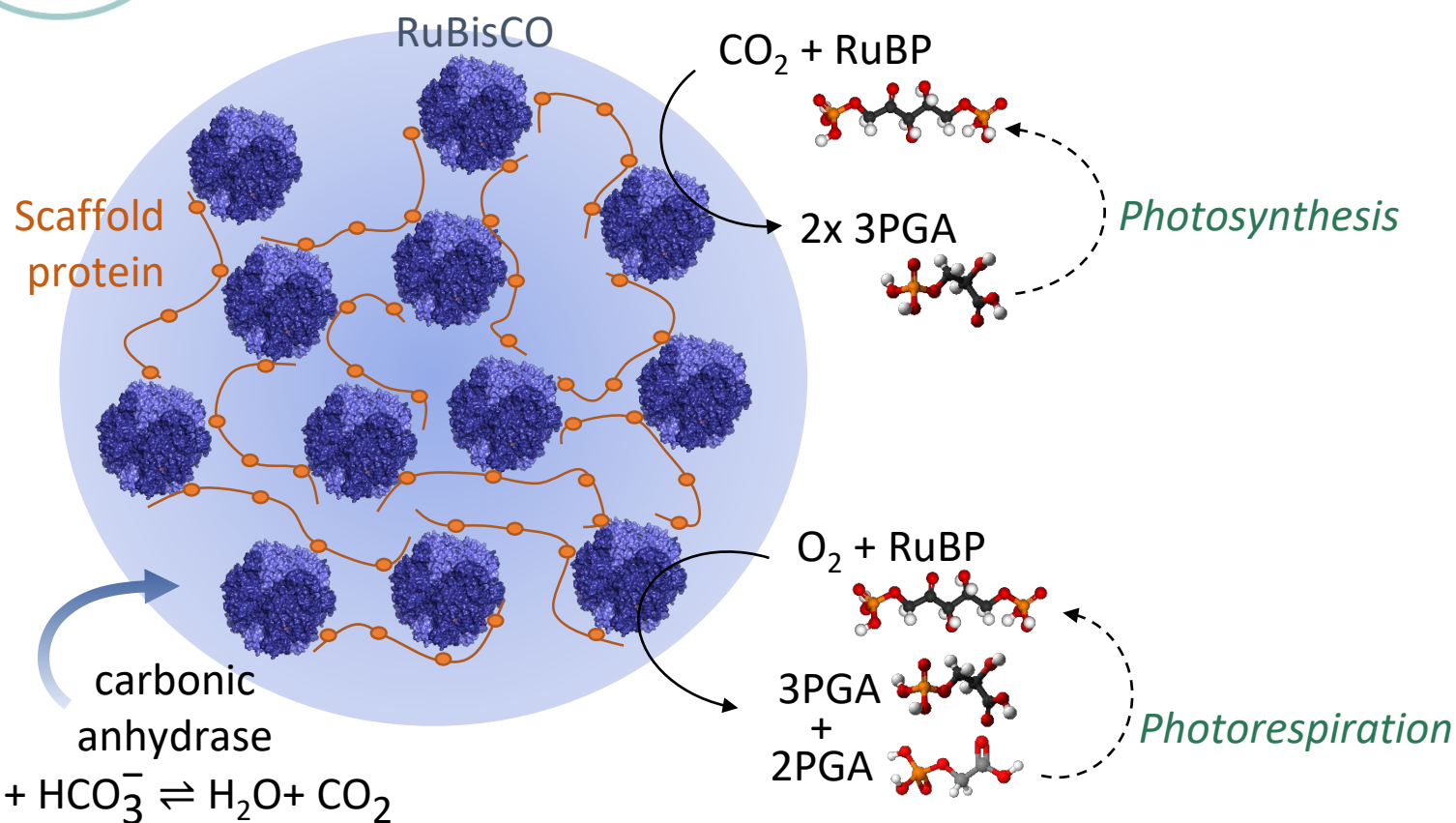
Phaeodactylum tricornutum



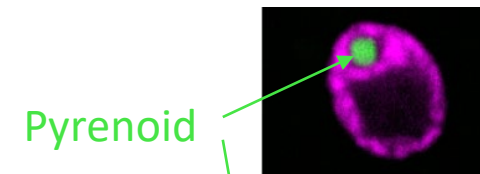
Follows and Dutkiewicz, 2011



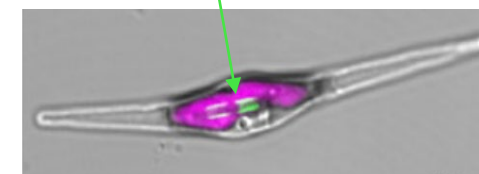
CO₂ fixation by photosynthetic microorganisms – molecular scale



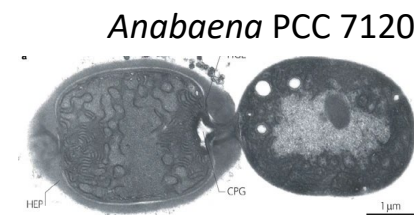
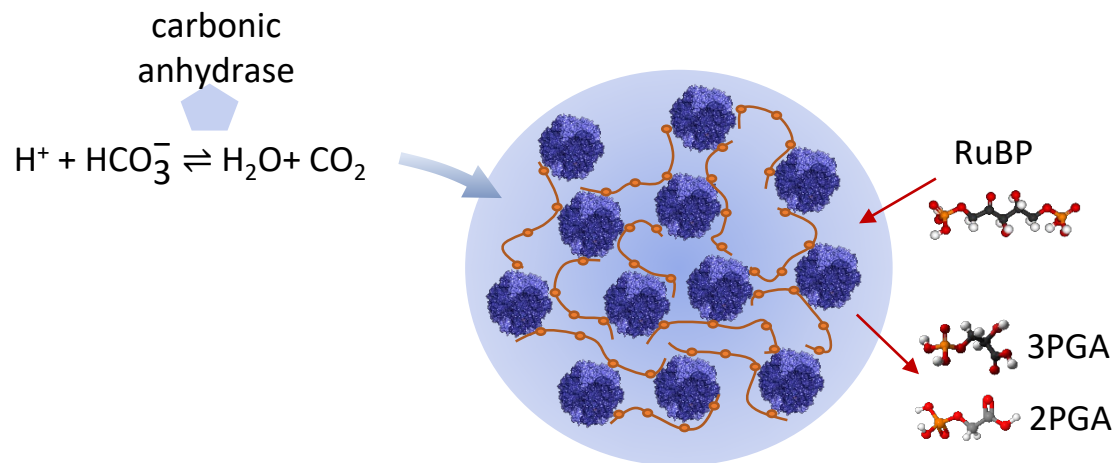
Chlamydomonas reinhardtii



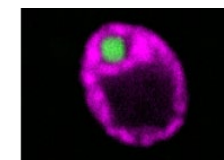
Phaeodactylum tricornutum



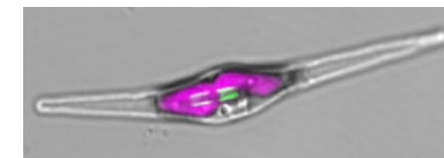
Objectives of the CO₂_CMφ project



Chlamydomonas reinhardtii




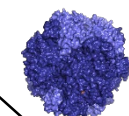
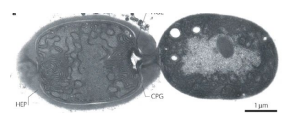
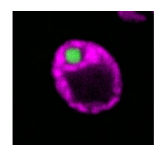
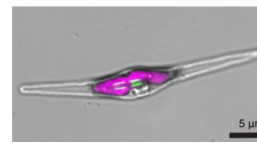
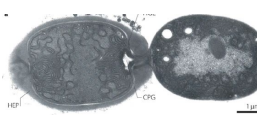
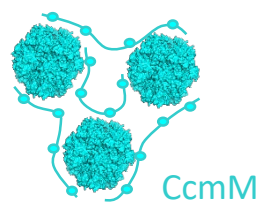
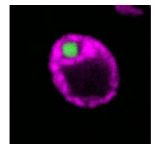
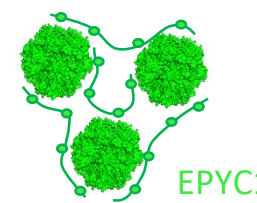
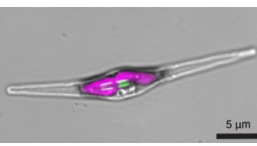
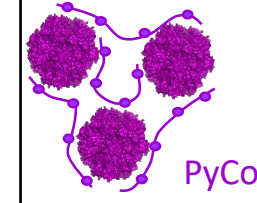
Phaeodactylum tricornutum



- What are the molecular key features that drive RuBisCO condensation?
- What are the physico-chemical properties of the RuBisCO condensates?
- What are the consequences of the liquid-liquid interface on the metabolic flux?
- What are the consequences of RuBisCO location and organisation on carboxylation and oxygenation activities; metabolic and carbon fluxes?



Scientific strategy of the CO₂_CMφ project

 <p>Scaffold protein</p>	<p>RuBisCO</p> 	<p><i>Anabaena</i></p> 	<p><i>C. reinhardtii</i></p> 	<p><i>P. tricornutum</i></p> 
<p><i>Anabaena</i></p> 	 <p>CcmM</p>			
<p><i>C. reinhardtii</i></p> 		 <p>EPYC1</p>		
<p><i>P. tricornutum</i></p> 			 <p>PyCo</p>	

In-vitro molecular and physico-chemical characterisation

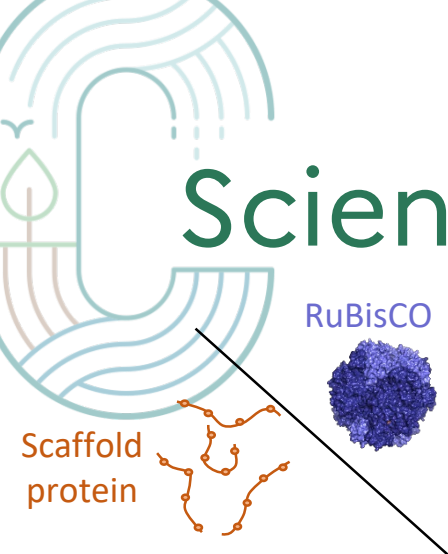


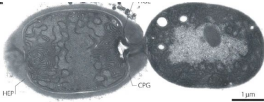
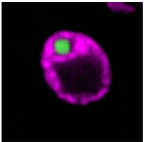
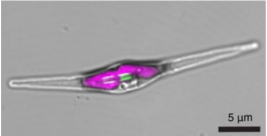
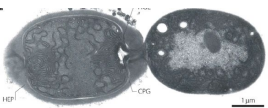
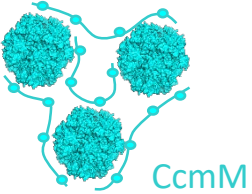
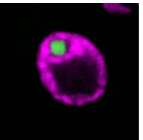
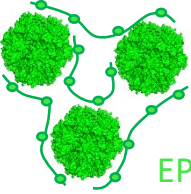

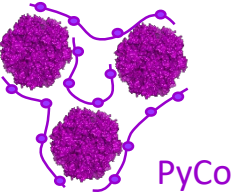
Nuclear Magnetic Resonance

Membrane Inlet Mass Spectrometry



Scientific strategy of the CO₂_CMφ project



<i>Anabaena</i> 	<i>C. reinhardtii</i> 	<i>P. tricornutum</i> 
<i>Anabaena</i> 	 CcmM	
<i>C. reinhardtii</i> 		 EPYC1
<i>P. tricornutum</i> 		 PyCo

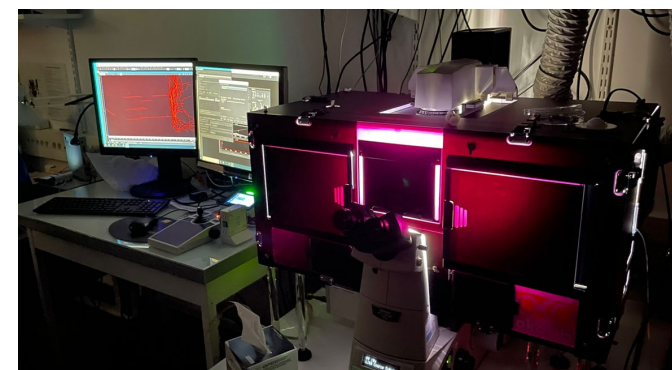
In-vitro molecular and physico-chemical characterisation



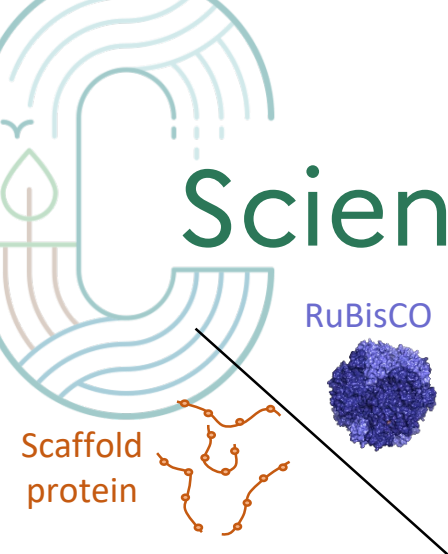
In-vivo metabolism and physiological characterisation



Time-lapse microscopy images



Scientific strategy of the CO₂_CMφ project

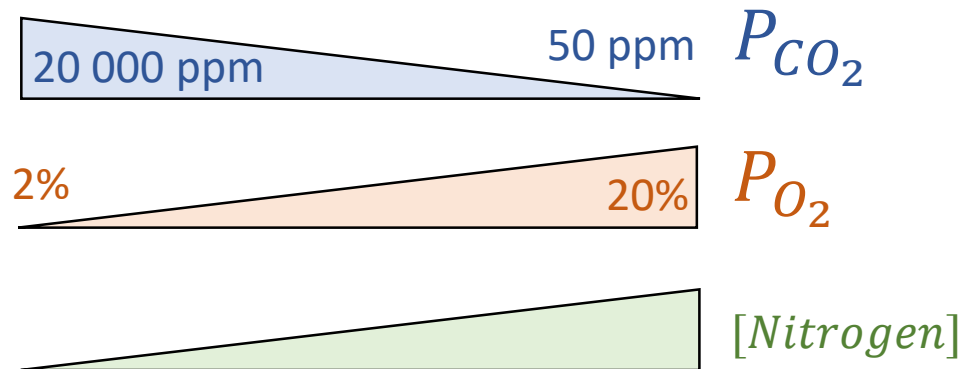


	<i>Anabaena</i>	<i>C. reinhardtii</i>	<i>P. tricornutum</i>
<i>Anabaena</i>			
<i>C. reinhardtii</i>			
<i>P. tricornutum</i>			

In-vitro molecular and physico-chemical characterisation



In-vivo metabolism and physiological characterisation





Expected outcomes of the CO₂-CMφ project



Modeling Carbon fluxes

- Adequate values of photosynthesis/photorespiration ratio
- Adequate modeling of photoautotrophy

Carbon sequestration

- **Biomimetics:** Example of biocondensate (protein liquid-liquid separated phase) for CO₂ fixation
- Rational for choice of **algal strains** for carbon sequestration, and design of new ones





Consortium and CO₂ emission

Biochemists, cell biologists, spectroscopists in PACA



Bioénergétique
et Ingénierie
des Protéines

Hélène Launay
Frédéric Carrière
Véronique Receveur-Bréchet



Institut de
Biosciences et
Biotechnologies
d'Aix-Marseille

Gilles Peltier
Yonghua Li-Beisson



Laboratoire
Chimie
Bactérienne

Matthieu Bergè
Amel Latifi



Institut
de Microbiologie
de Méditerranée

Olivier Bornet

- Local proximity of the consortium → limited travelling and CO₂ emission
- Shared uses of the equipment → limited CO₂ emission

